



Balance the Development and Risks of Artificial Intelligence
and Move Towards Global Collaborative Governance

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The Deveopment of AI Worldwide



From the perspective of future productivity development

AI as an emerging technology has demonstrated strong productivity and innovation capability in various fields. It can not only improve production efficiency through automation and intelligence, but also create new business models and market opportunities through data analysis and machine learning. Therefore, the impact of AI on future productivity cannot be ignored. Its development will undoubtedly bring about tremendous disruption to traditional industry models, driving the transformation and upgrading of enterprises and society.

The Deveopment of AI Worldwide

From the perspective of future education development



The advancement and application of AI will influence the field of education, changing the ways in which people acquire knowledge and skills. In the future, AI can help teachers with student management. Teachers can track students' learning progress and performance with AI thus to better assess their learning status and provide personalized education plans. In addition, through natural language processing and machine learning technologies, AI can provide intelligent tutoring and question-answering services for students, helping them better understand and grasp the knowledge.

The Risks of AI Worldwide



The widespread AI application will lead to the disappearance of many traditional occupations

Automation and robotics will replace many workers in factories and labor-intensive sectors. The loss of these jobs will result in an increase in unemployment and thereby social instability. Meanwhile, as these jobs are often low-skilled and low-income, the unemployed may face chronic poverty and social exclusion.

The Risks of AI Worldwide



AI carries significant privacy risks

AI employs various data collection technologies including web crawlers to automatically capture public and personal data. Common biometric technologies such as fingerprint recognition and facial recognition, as well as real-time data from IoT devices and social media monitoring, provide AI systems with data that includes demographic information, preferences, and emotional states. The collection of this data often occurs without the users' knowledge or consent, which presents significant challenges to the protection of commercial data and individuals' privacy.

Move Towards Global Collaborative Governance of AI



China is committed to promoting the innovation and development of AI whilst providing more public goods for the international community. While engaging with an open attitude in international exchanges and cooperation of AI. In October 2023, China proposed the *Global AI Governance Initiative*.

中华人民共和国国家互联网信息办公室
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全球人工智能治理倡议

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人工智能是人类发展新领域。当前,全球人工智能技术快速发展,对经济社会发展和人类文明进步产生深远影响,给世界带来巨大机遇。与此同时,人工智能技术也带来难以预知的各种风险和复杂挑战。人工智能治理攸关全人类命运,是世界各国面临的共同课题。

在世界和平与发展面临多元挑战的背景下,各国应秉持共同、综合、合作、可持续的安全观,坚持发展和安全并重的原则,通过对话与合作凝聚共识,构建开放、公正、有效的治理机制,促进人工智能技术造福于人类,推动构建人类命运共同体。

我们重申,各国应在人工智能治理中加强信息交流和技术合作,共同做好风险防范,形成具有广泛共识的人工智能治理框架和标准规范,不断提升人工智能技术的安全性、可靠性、可控性、公平性。我们欢迎各国政府、国际组织、企业、科研院所、民间机构和公民个人等各主体秉持共商共建共享的理念,协力共同促进人工智能治理。